5 Ways to Support Transgender Youth at Your School or Agency

- 1. **Keep an open mind** and respect youth's ways of presenting and expressing their gender.
- 2. **Implement practices to ensure safety and comfort,** such as using the youth's chosen name and pronoun and identifying single-stall, genderneutral bathrooms and a safe place for them to change for gym.
- 3. **Do not "out" anyone without permission.** You can help them think through the coming out process, but the decision belongs to the individual.
- 4. **Include gender identity** in your non-discrimination policy.
- 5. **Seek outside resources** such as the National Youth Advocacy Coalition (www.nvacyouth.org) for more information.

This card is a collaboration of **The GLBT Youth Support Project (GLYS)**, a program of **HCSM**, **Inc.**, and Greenfield GLASS. GLYS: www.hcsm.org/glys.htm ▼ GLASS: www.fcac.net

5 Ways to Support Transgender Youth at Your School or Agency

- 1. **Keep an open mind** and respect youth's ways of presenting and expressing their gender.
- 2. **Implement practices to ensure safety and comfort,** such as using the youth's chosen name and pronoun and identifying single-stall, genderneutral bathrooms and a safe place for them to change for gym.
- 3. **Do not "out" anyone without permission.** You can help them think through the coming out process, but the decision belongs to the individual.
- 4. **Include gender identity** in your non-discrimination policy.
- 5. **Seek outside resources** such as the National Youth Advocacy Coalition (www.nyacyouth.org) for more information.

This card is a collaboration of **The GLBT Youth Support Project (GLYS)**, a program of **HCSM**, **Inc.**, and Greenfield GLASS. GLYS: www.hcsm.org/glys.htm ▼ GLASS: www.fcac.net

5 Ways to Support Transgender Youth at Your School or Agency

- 1. **Keep an open mind** and respect youth's ways of presenting and expressing their gender.
- 2. **Implement practices to ensure safety and comfort,** such as using the youth's chosen name and pronoun and identifying single-stall, genderneutral bathrooms and a safe place for them to change for gym.
- 3. **Do not "out" anyone without permission.** You can help them think through the coming out process, but the decision belongs to the individual.
- 4. **Include gender identity** in your non-discrimination policy.
- 5. **Seek outside resources** such as the National Youth Advocacy Coalition (www.nyacyouth.org) for more information.

This card is a collaboration of **The GLBT Youth Support Project (GLYS)**, a program of **HCSM**, **Inc.**, and Greenfield GLASS. GLYS: www.hcsm.org/glys.htm ▼ GLASS: www.fcac.net

5 Facts to Remember About Transgender Youth

- 1. Physical safety is often a major concern. High-risk places include bathrooms, locker rooms, and other gender-designated areas.
- 2. A person who identified as transgender feels that the gender they were assigned at birth does not fit them. They may identify as the other gender, both gender, or neither gender.
- 3. Some youth who identify as transgender first come out as gay, lesbian, or bisexual. A person who is transgender may be anywhere on the continuum of sexual orientation.
- 4. Persons who are transgender may or may not choose to access surgery and hormones. Adolescents who want these options must be referred to a medical professional with experience in gender identity issues for evaluation.
- 5. The coming out process is different and often more difficult than for GLB youth.

For more information and resources go to: www.hcsm.org/glys.htm

5 Facts to Remember About Transgender Youth

- 1. Physical safety is often a major concern. High-risk places include bathrooms, locker rooms, and other gender-designated areas.
- 2. A person who identified as transgender feels that the gender they were assigned at birth does not fit them. They may identify as the other gender, both gender, or neither gender.
- 3. Some youth who identify as transgender first come out as gay, lesbian, or bisexual. A person who is transgender may be anywhere on the continuum of sexual orientation.
- 4. Persons who are transgender may or may not choose to access surgery and hormones. Adolescents who want these options must be referred to a medical professional with experience in gender identity issues for evaluation.
- 5. The coming out process is different and often more difficult than for GLB youth.

For more information and resources go to: www.hcsm.org/qlys.htm

5 Facts to Remember About Transgender Youth

- 1. Physical safety is often a major concern. High-risk places include bathrooms, locker rooms, and other gender-designated areas.
- 2. A person who identified as transgender feels that the gender they were assigned at birth does not fit them. They may identify as the other gender, both gender, or neither gender.
- 3. Some youth who identify as transgender first come out as gay, lesbian, or bisexual. A person who is transgender may be anywhere on the continuum of sexual orientation.
- 4. Persons who are transgender may or may not choose to access surgery and hormones. Adolescents who want these options must be referred to a medical professional with experience in gender identity issues for evaluation.
- 5. The coming out process is different and often more difficult than for GLB youth.

For more information and resources go to: www.hcsm.org/glys.htm